#### CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS

#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Prepared By: Scott Oney – Comptroller City of Granite City, Illinois

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Granite City, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Granite City, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Financial Statements, Footnote Disclosures, and Required Supplementary Information

Management has chosen not to report a net OPEB (other postemployment benefit) obligation for retirees' health insurance under GASB No. 45 Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which requires the recording of a net OPEB obligation and the related expenditures for unfunded past service costs. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a net OPEB obligation be recorded, which would increase liabilities and decrease net assets and change the expenditures in the government-wide and enterprise fund activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net assets, expenditures of the government-wide and enterprise fund activities is not reasonably determinable.

For certain footnote disclosures and Required Supplementary Information related to the Firemen's Pension Fund and the Police Pension Fund, the City uses an actuarial valuation performed in accordance with the Illinois Complied Statutes. The funding methodology used for an actuarial valuation in accordance with Illinois State Statutes is in variance from the methods required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board *Pronouncement Number 67* (GASB 67). GASB 67 also requires additional disclosure and required supplementary information that is not made available by the actuarial valuation performed by the Illinois Department of Insurance. The amount by which this departure would affect the footnote disclosures and Required Supplementary information has not been determined.

Management has not adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board *Pronouncement Number 68* (GASB 68), Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions for the Firemen's Pension Fund and the Police Pension Funds. GASB 68 requires the liability of employers and non-employers contributing entities to employees for defined benefit pensions (net pension liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributable to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net pension. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net assets, and expenditures of the government-wide activities is not reasonably determinable.

#### **Qualified Opinions**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the omissions described in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Granite City, Illinois, as of April 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information (pages 46 to 48) and schedules of funding progress and employer contributions (pages 49 to 52g) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Granite City, Illinois' basic financial statements as a whole. The combining financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Hughes, Cameron & Company, LLC

September 28, 2017

#### CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION APRIL 30, 2017

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 509,542	\$ 886,538	\$ 1,396,080
Certificates of Deposit	3,426,385	1,892,615	5,319,000
Restricted Investments	1,355,000	-	1,355,000
Investments	533,165	376,466	909,631
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	22,116,193	2,700,738	24,816,931
Internal Balances	(14,468)	14,468	
Total Current Assets	27,925,817	5,870,825	33,796,642
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	353,386	-	353,386
Restricted Certificates of Deposit	-	361,000	361,000
Restricted Investments	2,601,781	5,140	2,606,921
General Real Estate Investment	1,481,929	-	1,481,929
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	48,352,390	30,238,673	78,591,063
Total Noncurrent Assets	52,789,486	30,604,813	83,394,299
Total Assets	80,715,303	36,475,638	117,190,941
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Prepaid Expenses and Deposits	574,071	120,435	694,506
Employer IMRF Contributions	1,088,315	540,851	1,629,166
Deferred Charge on Bond Refunding	1,611,970		1,611,970
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,274,356	661,286	3,935,642
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	304,799	229,071	533,870
Accrued Workman's Compensation	2,879,534	-	2,879,534
Accrued Vacation Leave	683,493	107,556	791,049
Accrued Interest Payable	91,428	16,842	108,270
Other Accrued Obligations	22,760	-	22,760
Bonds/Notes Payable - Current Portion (Net of Unamortized Costs)	1,603,815	906,410	2,510,225
Total Current Liabilities	5,585,829	1,259,879	6,845,708
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bonds/Notes Payable - Noncurrent Portion (Net of Unamortized Costs)	9,631,748	13,145,979	22,777,727
Accrued Sick Leave	3,055,417	142,702	3,198,119
Net Pension Liability (IMRF)	2,986,833	1,487,265	4,474,098
Net Pension Liability (Police and Fire Pension)	79,190,787		79,190,787
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	94,864,785	14,775,946	109,640,731
Total Liabilities	100,450,614	16,035,825	116,486,439
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred Gain on Installment Sale	105,717	-	105,717
Deferred Real Estate Taxes	18,001,336	-	18,001,336
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,107,053		18,107,053
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	38,728,797	16,186,284	54,915,081
Restricted for:	20,720,757	10,100,201	0 1,5 10,001
Debt Service	2,568,772	-	2,568,772
Development Loans	110,954	-	110,954
Drug Traffic Prevention	133,036	-	133,036
Redevelopment	5,003,758	-	5,003,758
Unrestricted	(81,113,325)	4,914,815	(76,198,510)
Total Net Position	\$ (34,568,008)	\$ 21,101,099	\$ (13,466,909)
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### CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) I	Revenue and Changes	in Net Position	
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Charges</u> for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital  Grants and  Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>
Governmental Activities:	•						
General Government	\$ 4,927,156	\$ 734,127	\$ 429,928	\$ -	\$ (3,763,101)	\$ -	\$ (3,763,101)
Cinema	571,638	541,775	Ψ 427,726	Ψ -	(29,863)	φ - -	(29,863)
Public Safety	21,656,071	1,824,623	606,897	_	(19,224,551)	_	(19,224,551)
Public Works	5,430,285	379,166	756,567	73,135	(4,221,417)	<u>-</u>	(4,221,417)
Development	6,020,750	-	-	-	(6,020,750)	<u>-</u>	(6,020,750)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	629,170	_	_	_	(629,170)	<u>-</u>	(629,170)
Total Governmental Activities	39,235,070	3,479,691	1,793,392	73,135	(33,888,852)		(33,888,852)
Business-Type Activities:							
Wastewater	8,222,634	8,358,175	-	623,959	-	759,500	759,500
Total Business-Type Activities	8,222,634	8,358,175	-	623,959	_	759,500	759,500
n Total	\$ 47,457,704	\$11,837,866	\$ 1,793,392	\$ 697,094	(33,888,852)	759,500	(33,129,352)
	General Reven	ues:					
		, Levied for Gen	eral Purposes		17,554,897	-	17,554,897
	Home Rule S		1		2,768,083	-	2,768,083
	Sales and Use	e Tax			4,470,397	_	4,470,397
	Replacement	Tax			3,028,682	_	3,028,682
	State Income	Tax			2,814,397	_	2,814,397
	Telecommun	ications Tax			914,011	-	914,011
	Other State as	nd Local Taxes			486,486	-	486,486
	Investment E	arnings			67,952	46,201	114,153
	Miscellaneou	S			732,254	4,350	736,604
	Total Gener	ral Revenues and	l Transfers		32,837,159	50,551	32,887,710
	Change in	n Net Position			(1,051,693)	810,051	(241,642)
	Net Position - I	Beginning(As Or	iginally Reported	)	12,086,404	20,291,048	32,377,452
		Net Position (No			(45,602,719)		(45,602,719)
	Net Position - I	Beginning (Resta	ted)		(33,516,315)	20,291,048	(13,225,267)
	Net Position - I	Ending			\$ (34,568,008)	\$ 21,101,099	\$ (13,466,909)

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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

### CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RE	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u> SOURCES	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Current Assets:	Φ 112.270	Φ 220.015	Φ 165.055	Φ 500 543
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 113,370	\$ 230,815	\$ 165,357	\$ 509,542
Restricted Investments	2.500.621	1,355,000	252.010	1,355,000
Certificates of Deposit	2,580,621	492,754	353,010	3,426,385
Investments Receivables (Net of Allowances	364,931	98,016	70,218	533,165
for Uncollectibles):				
Property Taxes	8,009,057	9,992,279	_	18,001,336
Intergovernmental	2,862,302	80,008	121,284	3,063,594
Other	935,813	113,981	1,469	1,051,263
Due from Other Funds	2,375,640	72,441	13,244	2,461,325
Total Current Assets	17,241,734	12,435,294	724,582	30,401,610
Noncurrent Assets:	17,211,701	12, 100,29	721,802	20,.01,010
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalent	-	_	353,386	353,386
Restricted Certificates of Deposit	-	_	· -	-
Restricted Investments	-	2,601,781	-	2,601,781
Rental Real Estate Investment	-	2,667,631	-	2,667,631
General Real Estate Investment	-	1,481,929	-	1,481,929
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	6,751,341	353,386	7,104,727
Total Assets	17,241,734	19,186,635	1,077,968	37,506,337
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Prepaid Expense	574,071	_	_	574,071
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	574,071			574,071
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows				
of Resources	17,815,805	19,186,635	1,077,968	38,080,408
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESO	UKCES, AND F	UND BALANCE		
Liabilities:	225 012	0.422	50 AFF	204.700
Accounts Payable	227,912	8,432	68,455	304,799
Accrued Workman's Compensation	2,879,534	-	-	2,879,534
Due to Other Funds	173,911	1,457,723	844,159	2,475,793
Other Accrued Obligations	20,000	1 466 155	2,760	22,760
Total Liabilities	3,301,357	1,466,155	915,374	5,682,886
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Gain on Installment Sale	61,000	44,717	-	105,717
Deferred Income	1,070,907	-	-	1,070,907
Property Tax Revenue	8,009,057	9,992,279		18,001,336
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,140,964	10,036,996		19,177,960
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable:	574.071			574.071
Prepaid Expenses	574,071	-	-	574,071
Restricted for:		5.002.750		5 002 750
Redevelopment	-	5,003,758	-	5,003,758
Development Loans	-	110,954	122.026	110,954
Drug Traffic Prevention	-	2.560.552	133,036	133,036
Debt Service	4 700 412	2,568,772	20.550	2,568,772
Unassigned Total Fund Polonge	4,799,413	7 602 404	29,558	4,828,971
Total Fund Balance	5,373,484	7,683,484	162,594	13,219,562
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 17,815,805	\$ 19,186,635	\$ 1,077,968	\$ 38,080,408

## CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental fund balances are different because:

Fund Balances - total governmental funds	\$ 13,219,562
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	48,352,390
Rental Real Estate Investments are recorded as capital assets and depreciated and not maintained as investment real estate.	(2,667,631)
The amount of compensated absences is not recorded as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(3,738,910)
Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, net of unamortized costs, notes payable, capital leases) is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(11,235,563)
Net pension liabilities are not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(2,986,833)
Net pension liabilities are not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(79,190,787)
Pension contributions to be recongized in future periods are not recorded as deferred outflows on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	1,088,315
Accrued interest payable on the long-term debt is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(91,428)
The governmental funds report deferred amount on refunding of bonds are not reported on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	1,611,970
The governmental funds report deferred revenue when reported assets are not available to pay current liabilities. The statement of activities eliminates deferred revenue related to state and local sales taxes.	1,070,907
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (34,568,008)

# CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

				<u>Total</u>	
			Tax Increment	Non-Major	<u>Total</u>
		<u>General</u>	<u>Financing</u>	Governmental	Governmental
Davagnasi		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Revenues:	¢	7 940 622	¢ 0.714.275	¢	¢ 17.554.907
Property Taxes	\$	7,840,622	\$ 9,714,275	\$ -	\$ 17,554,897
Intergovernmental:		2.770.120			2.770.120
Home Rule Sales Tax		2,770,129	-	174 176	2,770,129
Sales and Use Tax		4,306,116	-	174,176	4,480,292
Replacement Tax		3,028,682	-	-	3,028,682
State Income Tax		2,821,472	-	756567	2,821,472
Motor Fuel Tax		- 012 011	-	756,567	756,567
Telecommunications Tax		912,911	-	-	912,911
Grants		433,158	-	680,032	1,113,190
Other		430,984	-	-	430,984
Other Local Taxes		55,502	-	-	55,502
Licenses and Permits		542,355	-	-	542,355
Charges for Services		2,670,073	-	-	2,670,073
Fines and Forfeits		236,270	-	30,993	267,263
Investment Earnings		42,252	21,289	4,411	67,952
Miscellaneous		330,953	400,101	1,200	732,254
Total Revenues		26,421,479	10,135,665	1,647,379	38,204,523
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government		4,017,025	-	160,868	4,177,893
Cinema		571,638	-	-	571,638
Public Safety		16,553,367	-	386,517	16,939,884
Public Works		4,696,746	-	222,368	4,919,114
Development		-	6,020,750	-	6,020,750
Debt Service:					
Principal		-	2,830,340	246,970	3,077,310
Interest		-	649,116	12,511	661,627
Capital Outlay		-	18,914	209,596	228,510
Total Expenditures		25,838,776	9,519,120	1,238,830	36,596,726
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		582,703	616,545	408,549	1,607,797
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from Borrowings		319,686	_	_	319,686
Operating Transfers In		_	_	259,481	259,481
Operating Transfers (Out)		(194,481)	_	(65,000)	(259,481)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		125,205		194,481	319,686
Net Change in Fund Balance		707,908	616,545	603,030	1,927,483
Fund Balance - Beginning		4,665,576	7,066,939	(440,436)	11,292,079
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	5,373,484	\$ 7,683,484	\$ 162,594	\$ 13,219,562

#### CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Not shape in fund helenges, total governmental funds	¢	1 027 492
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,927,483
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets for which funds were expended this year.		760,843
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		(1,591,689)
The amount of compensated absences is not recorded as expense in the fund financial statements. In the statement of activities, these amounts are included and recorded currently in the various functional expense categories. This amount is the difference between beginning and ending compensated absences balance that has been included in the statement of activities.		57,611
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.		2,757,624
The governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.		(215,159)
Interest accrued but not paid is not recorded as an expense until paid. This is the change in accrued interest payable between years.		32,457
Net pension obligations (IMRF) are reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, net pension obligations are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in the net pension obligation between years.		49,473
The amount of deferred employer IMRF contributions are not recorded as an expense in the fund financial statements. In the statement of activities, these amounts are included and recorded currently in the various functional expnese catergories. This amount is the difference between beginning and ending deferred employer IMRF contributions that has been included in the statement of activities.		(373,753)
Net pension liabilities (Police & Fire Pension) are reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, net contribution deficiencies are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in the net pension liability between years.		(4,435,437)
The governmental funds report deferred revenue when reported assets are not available to pay current liabilities. The statement of activities eliminates deferred revenue related to state and local sales taxes. This is the difference of deferred revenue for the sales and use tax from the beginning and end of the		
year.		(21,146) (1,051,693)
Change in net position of governmental activities		

#### CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES APRIL 30, 2017

	Business Type Activities Wastewater
Current Assets: ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 886,538
Certificates of Deposit	1,892,615
Investments	376,466
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance	273,100
for Uncollectibles of \$564,877)	2,066,761
Grant Receivable	623,959
Due From Other Funds	257,379
Interest Receivable	10,018
Total Current Assets	6,113,736
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted Certificates of Deposit	361,000
Restricted Investments	5,140
Capital Assets:	
Construction in Process	1,957,836
Building and Improvements	45,023,304
Treatment Facility and Lines	7,813,396
Equipment	2,067,149
Vehicles	1,493,843
Total	58,355,528
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(28,116,855)
Net Capital Assets	30,238,673
Total Noncurrent Assets	30,604,813
Total Assets	36,718,549
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Prepaid Expenses	120,435
Employer IMRF Contributions	540,851
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	661,286
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	661,286
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	229,071
Accrued Vacation Leave	107,556
Due to Other Funds	242,911
Accrued Interest	16,842
Bonds/Notes Payable - Current Portion	906,410
Total Current Liabilities	1,502,790
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Accrued Sick Leave	142,702
Bonds/Notes Payable - Non Current Portion	13,145,979
Net Pension Liability	1,487,265
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	14,775,946
Total Liabilities	16,278,736
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,186,284
Unrestricted	4,914,815
Total Net Position	\$ 21,101,099

# CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Business Type Activities Wastewater
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$ 8,358,175
Total Operating Revenues	8,358,175
Operating Expenses:	
Personal Services	3,446,859
Industrial Pretreatment	108,858
Billings and Collection	177,625
Sewer Collection	1,158,774
Solids Handling	701,472
BOD Treatment	336,413
Primary Treatment	41,585
General and Administration	318,010
Dry Weather Pumping	238,880
Wet Weather Pumping	192,713
Other	164,908
Depreciation	1,050,284
Total Operating Expenses	7,936,381
Operating Income	421,794
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Investment Earnings	46,201
Other Income	4,350
Energy Efficiency Grant Income	623,959
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(286,253)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	388,257
Change in Net Position	810,051
Net Position - Beginning	20,291,048
Net Position - Ending	\$ 21,101,099

## CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	<u>Business Type</u> <u>Activities</u> <u>Wastewater</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 8,312,201
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(3,326,402)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(3,690,700)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	1,295,099
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(2,196,801)
Proceeds From Borrowings	483,832
Principal Paid on Borrowings	(837,785)
Amortization of Bond Premium	(11,893)
Interest Paid on Borrowings	(292,142)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,854,789)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Purchase of Investments	(240,807)
Miscellaneous Income	4,349
Redemption of Investments	994,097
Investment Earnings	45,238
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	802,877
Net Decrease In Cash and Equivalents	(756,813)
Cash and Equivalents - Beginning	1,643,351
Cash and Equivalents - Ending	\$ 886,538
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	
by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	\$ 421,794
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net	
Cash Provided By Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	1,050,284
Increase in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	19,707
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	
(Increase) in Accounts Receivable	(65,681)
Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	10,185
Decrease in Deferred Outflow - Employer IMRF Contributions	179,995
(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(261,647)
(Decrease) in Net Pension Liability	(13,249)
(Decrease) in Accrued Vacation and Sick Pay	(46,289)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 1,295,099

# CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

#### **ASSETS**

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,791,772
Investments and Certificates of Deposit	28,150,807
Receivables: Property Taxes	1,551,130
Gaming Taxes	30,542
Accrued Interest	82,746
Total Assets	31,606,997
LIABILITIES	
Liabilities	
Pension Payments Payable	439,641
Total Liabilities	439,641
NET POSITION	
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits Total Net Position	31,167,356 31,167,356
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 31,606,997

# CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employee Contributions	\$	776,525
Employer Contributions:		
Property Taxes		1,520,580
Gaming Taxes		238,742
Replacement Taxes		882,730
Total Contributions		3,418,577
Investment Income:		
Interest and Dividends		920,664
Net Realized/Unrealized Gain on Investments		1,936,222
		2,856,886
Less: Investment Expense		(80,871)
Net Investment Income		2,776,015
Total Additions		6,194,592
Deductions:		
Benefits Paid to Participants:		
Service and Disability		5,098,817
Dependents		665,351
Refunded Contributions		79,582
Contractual Services		56,520
Total Deductions		5,900,270
Net Increase in Plan Net Position		294,322
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, Beginning of Year		30,873,034
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, End of Year	_ \$	31,167,356

#### NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Granite City, Illinois (the City) was incorporated March 9, 1896 under the provisions of "an act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages". The City is a Home Rule Unit under the provision of Article 7 of the Illinois Constitution of 1970. The City operates under the aldermanic-city form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public improvements, planning and zoning, wastewater treatment and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City of Granite City (government) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City has no component units.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized, when applicable, as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The major sources of revenue for the special revenue funds are: Motor Fuel Tax Fund is motor fuel taxes, TIF Fund is real estate taxes, Community Development is Madison County Community Development funds, and Drug Traffic Prevention is fines and forfeitures and federal drug funds.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Tax Increment Financing Fund accounts for incremental taxes and other revenues as well as all expenses related to improvements and promotional costs related to the tax increment financing areas.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Treatment Plant and Sewer System Enterprise Funds account for all activities related to the billing, administration, and distribution and collection processes of the wastewater treatment plant. The City operates the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Additionally, the government reports the following fiduciary fund type:

The Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the police and firemen's pension funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

#### NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are reimbursements between funds for direct costs applicable to the other fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contribution, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap on fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Short-term cash surpluses are generally maintained in sweep accounts in the individual funds.

The City is authorized by state statute to invest in obligations of the United States of America, insured interest bearing accounts of banks, savings and loan association or credit unions, certain short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States, money market mutual funds that invest in obligations of the United State of America or its agencies or are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, the Illinois Funds and repurchase agreements of government securities. The Pension Trust Funds are also allowed to invest limited percentages of their monies in mutual funds and equity securities.

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Although not registered with the SEC, Illinois Funds operates in a manner consistent with rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. See <a href="http://www.treasurer.il.gov/programs/illinois-funds/about-illinois-funds.aspx">http://www.treasurer.il.gov/programs/illinois-funds/about-illinois-funds.aspx</a> for information on the Illinois Funds.

Fixed-income securities are recorded in all funds at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains or losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by general accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market principles; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

#### NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal advances to other funds."

The primary purpose of these interfund receivables and payables is to provide temporary loans for cash flow needs; all amounts are expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year.

All intergovernmental and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. All accounts receivable related to the enterprise fund are shown at net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts based on management's estimate of collectability.

Unbilled sewer utility receivables related to the business-type activities are recorded at year-end. They are determined by taking cycle billings subsequent to April 30 and prorating the applicable number of days to the current fiscal year.

The City levied its property taxes in December 2016, based upon the expected assessed valuation as of the December 31, 2016. Property taxes are due in four installments in the following year, and are considered delinquent after the due dates. Property taxes for 2016 become an enforceable lien in January 2017. The County has not mailed tax bills as of April 30, 2017 and past mailing practices of the County have generally been subsequent to April 30 of each year. The City receives significant distributions of tax receipts beginning in late June or early July of each year.

At fiscal year-end, the receivables represent 2016 taxes to be collected between June and December 2017. Taxes collected during the current year were from the 2015 tax levy.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Inventories

Inventory has not been recorded in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds or Enterprise Funds. This cost is recorded as an expenditure and charged to operations at the time the items are purchased.

#### Investment in Real Estate

Through the use of tax increment financing, the City has purchased several parcels of land to be held for resale to developers or individuals in an effort to create future economic growth within the tax increment financing areas of the City. Such investments are recorded at cost.

In addition, the City has certain parcels of improved and unimproved real estate, which are rented to businesses within the tax increment financing areas.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental-type or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost and estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

#### NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 100
Treatment Facility	20 - 50
Equipment	5 - 18
Vehicles	5 - 10

#### Amortization

Bond issuance cost are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bond.

#### Compensated Absences

Under terms of the various City ordinances and negotiated contracts, City employees are granted vacation based on continuous employment service. Employee vacations vest as of their anniversary date. Employees are entitled to sick leave based on completed months of service. The City's policies and negotiated contract provisions regarding sick leave permit employees to accumulate a maximum accumulation of sick leave, usually ninety days. The City cancels accumulated sick leave on the date of employee termination except in the case of qualified retirement or employee death wherein 50% of the accumulated sick leave is paid.

At April 30, 2017, the City estimated that the accumulated liability for unused vacation and sick leave for governmental fund employees totaled \$683,493 and \$3,055,417, respectively. Amounts reflected in the financial statements at April 30, 2017 for enterprise fund employees related to unused vacation and sick leave benefits totaled \$107,556 and \$142,702, respectively.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. The City first applies expenses to restricted positions when both restricted and unrestricted positions are available.

#### NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The following are descriptions and amounts of all reserves and designations recorded by the City in the fund financial statements:

#### Governmental Funds

Restricted for Debt Service	\$ 2,568,772
Restricted for Development Loans	113,981
Restricted for Drug Traffic Prevention	133,036
Restricted for Redevelopment	5,000,731

#### Fiduciary Funds

Reserved for Employees' Pension Benefits \$ 31,167,356

#### **Fund Balances**

Fund balances are divided into five classifications, as presented in the financial statements, based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of any interfund loans.

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations, such as City ordinances.

Enabling legislation authorized the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandates payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary system to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action, such as an ordinance or resolution, of the City's council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City's council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action, such as an ordinance or resolution; it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue: therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City currently has no committed fund balances.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City council or a City official delegated that authority by City ordinance. The City currently has no assigned fund balances.

#### NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### E. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

#### F. Advertising

Advertising costs of the City are expensed as incurred.

#### NOTE 2. BUDGETARY AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Each year the City Comptroller submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budgets are legally enacted by ordinance after public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Annual budgets for Special Revenue Funds are not formally adopted by ordinance at the beginning of the fiscal year, but are approved throughout the fiscal year by formal resolution of the City Council or by City Council approval for the payment of expenditures. Operations in these funds are controlled by project budgets.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to July 31, the City Comptroller submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund for the Fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to August 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- The City Comptroller is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and the Capital Projects Fund. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the Debt Service Fund because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- Budgets for all funds are adopted on the cash basis. For financial statement presentation, budgeted amounts are also presented on the cash basis.

#### NOTE 2. BUDGETARY AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE (Continued)

The major differences between the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting are:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when they are measurable and available (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded when paid or when a liability has been incurred which has been budgeted to be paid with expendable financial resources (budgetary), as opposed to when the obligation is incurred (GAAP).

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

#### 1. General Government and Business-Like Activities

At April 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$8,175,466 and the bank balance was \$9,037,491. The deposits were comprised of checking, interest checking, savings, money market and certificates of deposit.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the City's name. As of April 30, 2017, all of the deposits of the City were covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized by the financial institution.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy required that all investments in excess of insurance limits be collateralized. At year-end, the City's investment in the Illinois Funds is not subject to custodial credit risk.

As of April 30, 2017, the City had the following investments:

	Weighted Average			
<u>Investment</u>	Maturity (Years)	Cost	:	Fair Value
The Illinois Funds (external investment pool)	-	\$ 909,631	\$	909,631
Corporate Bonds	2.99	248,000		248,000
UMB Money Market	-	 2,967,921		2,967,921
Total Investments		\$ 4,125,552		4,125,552
Deposits as Reported Above				8,175,466
Total Deposits and Investments			\$	12,301,018
As Reported in the Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	1,396,080
Certificates of Deposit				5,319,000
Restricted Investments - Current				1,355,000
Investments - Current				909,631
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Noncurrent	ıt			353,386
Restricted Certificates of Deposit - Noncurrent				361,000
Restricted Investments - Noncurrent				2,606,921
			\$	12,301,018

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2017, the credit rating of the City's investment was as follows:

<u>Investment</u>	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Investors Service Rating
The Illinois Funds (external investment pool)	AAAm	
Corporate Bonds		

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2017, the City's investments are concentrated as follows:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Corporate Bonds	3.68%
UMB Money Market	71.94%

#### Foreign Currency Risk

As of April 30, 2017, the City did not have foreign currency risk.

#### Fair Value

As of April 30, 2017, the City's investments are all classified as Level 1.

#### Fire Pension Fund and Police Pension Fund

The Fire Pension Fund and the Police Pension Funds are authorized to invest in: direct obligations of the United States of America; certain United States of America agency securities; interest bearing savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by federally charted banks or savings and loan associations, and investments in credit unions, to the extent insured by agencies or instrumentals of the federal government; interest bearing bonds of the State of Illinois or an political subdivision of the State of Illinois, pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool or by banks in accordance with the State of Illinois; Municipal and Corporate Bonds, General and separate accounts of life insurance; money market mutual funds managed by registered investment companies limited to specific portfolios and; Equity securities and mutual funds.

#### 2. Fire Pension Fund

At April 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the Fire Pension Fund's deposits was \$620,465 and the bank balance was \$661,296. The deposits were comprised of interest checking, money market and certificates of deposit.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Fire Pension's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fire Pension requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the Fire Pension Fund's name.

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of April 30, 2017, the City's Fire Pension Fund had the following investments:

	Weighted Average				
<u>Investment</u>	Maturity (Years)		Cost	]	Fair Value
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	7.08	\$	237,981	\$	239,649
Federal National Mortgage Association	6.74		36,844		36,174
Freddie Mac	5.71		83,042		81,204
Governmental National Mortgage Association	12.81		362,148		371,805
U.S. V.A. REMIC	11.51		33,889		35,814
U.S. Treasury Notes	10.33		1,510,930		1,477,485
Municipal Bonds	3.17		80,000		81,916
Corporate Bonds	3.01		2,755,255		2,737,450
Money Market Mutual Funds			353,831		353,831
Common Stock			1,834,726		2,201,183
Mutual Funds			4,526,161		5,137,503
Total Investments		\$	11,814,807		12,754,014
Deposits as Reported Above					620,465
Total Deposits and Investments				\$	13,374,479
As Reported in the Combining Statement of Plan	Net Position - Fiducia	ry Fu	nds:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents				\$	620,465
Investments and Certificates of Deposit					12,754,014
				\$	13,374,479

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Fire Pension Fund's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2017, the Fire Pension Fund's investments credit ratings were as follows:

	Standard &	Moody's Investors
<u>Investment</u>	Poor's Rating	Service Rating
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AA+ to Aaa	Not Available
Federal National Mortgage Association	Not Available	Aaa
Freddie Mac	Not Available	Not Available
Government National Mortgage Association	Not Available	Not Available
U.S.V.A. REMIC	Not Available	Not Available
U.S. Treasury Notes	AAA	Not Available
Municipal Bonds	AAA	Not Available
Corporate Bonds	A+ to AA-	Not Available

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2017, the Fire Pension Fund's investments had no reportable concentrations of credit risk.

The Fire Pension Fund's investment portfolio allocation was as follows:

Investment	<b>Percentage</b>
Government National Mortage Association	2.83%
Federal National Mortgage Association	0.28%
Freddie Mac	0.62%
Municipal Bonds	0.62%
U.S. Treasury Notes	11.24%
US Department of Veteran Affairs Remic	0.27%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	1.82%
Corporate Bonds	20.83%
Mutual Funds	39.10%
Common and Preferred Stocks	16.75%
Deposits & Money Market Mutual Funds	5.64%
Total	100.00%

#### Foreign Currency Risk

As of April 30, 2017, the Fire Pension Fund did not have foreign currency risk.

#### Fair Value

As of April 30, 2017, the Fire Pension Fund investments are all classified as Level 1.

#### 3. Police Pension Fund

At April 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the Police Pension Fund's deposits was \$1,171,307 and the bank balance was \$1,180,712. The deposits were comprised of interest checking, money market and certificates of deposit.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Police Pension Fund requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the Police Pension Fund's name.

As of April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Fund had the following investments:

1	Weighted Average				
<u>Investment</u>	Maturity (Years)		Cost	F	air Value
U.S. Treasury Inflation Index Note	9.72	\$	300,680	\$	302,773
Fannie Mae	10.58		264,724		319,310
Federal Home Loan Bank	3.66		782,784		896,839
Federal Farm Credit Bank	7.64		250,000		244,204
Government National Mortgage Association	15.34		420,365		466,422
Tennessee Valley Authority	3.80		296,702		323,086
Municipal Bonds	5.59		180,763		198,280
Corporate Bond	5.38		1,815,362		1,855,709
Schwab US Treasury Money Market			-		350,485
Mutual Funds				1	0,439,685
Total Investments		\$	4,311,380	1	5,396,793
Deposits as Reported Above					1,171,307
Total Deposits and Investments				\$ 1	6,568,100
As Reported in the Combining Statement of Plan	Net Position - Fiduci	ary l	Funds:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents				\$	1,171,307
Investments				1	5,396,793
				\$ 1	6,568,100

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Fund's investments credit ratings were as follows:

<u>Investment</u>	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Investors <u>Service Rating</u>
Municipal Bonds	AA+	Aa1
Tennesse Valley Authority	AA+	Aaa
Fannie Mae	AA+	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+	Aaa
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AA+	Aaa
Governmental National Mortgage Association	Not Available	Not Available
Corporate Bond	AA+ to AAA	Aaa to Aa3

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Fund's had no reportable concentrations of credit risk.

The Police Pension Fund's investment portfolio allocation was a follows:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Government National Mortgage Association	2.82%
Federal Home Loan Bank	5.41%
U.S. Treasury Inflation Index Note	1.83%
Fannie Mae	1.93%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.47%
Tennessee Valley Authority	1.95%
Corporate Bonds	11.20%
Municipal Bonds	1.20%
Mutual Funds	63.01%
US Treasury Money Market	2.12%
Deposits	7.06%
	100.00%

#### Foreign Currency Risk

As of April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Fund did not have foreign currency risk.

#### Fair Value

As of April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Fund investments are all classified as Level 1.

#### NOTE 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City began a self-insured workers' compensation program in 2001 by which the City pays claims from general revenues up to a certain amount at which point the City carries excess coverage. Non-incremental claims adjustment expense has not been included as part of the liability for claims and judgments. The liability for claims experienced as of April 30, 2017 that are to be paid in the subsequent year is \$2,879,534 and is included in accrued workman's compensation.

Changes in the funds' claims liability amount during the fiscal year were as follows:

	Year Ending April 30,		
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	
Liability beginning balance	\$ 3,302,074	\$ 2,094,083	
Claims and changes in estimates	521,099	3,107,538	
Claim payments	(943,639)	(1,899,547)	
Liability ending balance	\$ 2,879,534	\$ 3,302,074	

The City is also exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage's in the past three years.

#### NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of April 30, 2017 for the City, as reported in the statement of net position, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Governm	ental	Bu	siness-Type	
<u>Activit</u>	<u>ies</u>	4	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$	-	\$	3,275,304	\$ 3,275,304
610	,409		-	610,409
18,001	,336		-	18,001,336
3,063	,594		-	3,063,594
12	,969		10,018	22,987
432	,885			432,885
22,121	,193		3,285,322	\$ 25,406,515
(5	,000)		(584,584)	(589,584)
\$ 22,116	,193	\$	2,700,738	\$ 24,816,931
	Activit \$ 610 18,001 3,063 12 432 22,121 (5	Governmental <u>Activities</u> \$ - 610,409 18,001,336 3,063,594 12,969 432,885 22,121,193 (5,000) \$ 22,116,193	Activities  \$ - \$ 610,409 18,001,336 3,063,594 12,969 432,885 22,121,193 (5,000)	Activities Activities  \$ - \$ 3,275,304 610,409 - 18,001,336 - 3,063,594 - 12,969 10,018 432,885 - 22,121,193 3,285,322 (5,000) (584,584)

Real estate taxes of \$18,001,336 were not available for collection and payment of current liabilities at April 30, 2017 and are reported as deferred inflows. The governmental financial statements reported an additional \$1,070,907 of intergovernmental revenue as deferred income at April 30, 2017.

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS

#### 1. <u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u>

#### **IMRF Plan Description**

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's employer plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement (IMRF), the administrator of the multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefit is provided in the "Benefit Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net pension, and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the regular (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the OCO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired **before** January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired **on or after** January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of services credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- ½ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of December 31, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

#### Number of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	143
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	34
Active Plan Members	116
Total	293

#### Contributions

As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2016 was 11.84%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, the Employer contributed \$747,341 to the plan. The Employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The Employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2016:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.75%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.75% to 14.5%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.50%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013.
- The IMRF-specific rate for Mortality (for non-disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.
- For Active Members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2016:

	Portfolio Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Percentage	of Return
Domestic Equity	38%	6.85%
International Equity	17%	6.75%
Fixed Income	27%	3.00%
Real Estate	8%	5.75%
Alternative Investments	9%	2.65-7.35%
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.25%
Total	100%	

#### Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.5% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.50%, the municipal bond rate is 3.78%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

1. Service Cost 2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability 3. Othanges of benefit terms 4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability 5. Changes of assumptions 6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 7. Net change in total pension liability 8. Total pension liability - beginning 9. Total pension liability - ending  8. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Sensefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Nete change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position 8. Plan fiduciary net position 9. C. Net Position Liability/(Asset) 9. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of covered valuation payroll 9. P. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll 9. Sensing the payroll 9. Sensing the payroll 9. Sensing the payroll 9. Sensing the part of the total pension liability 9. Sensing the payroll 9. Sensing the pension liability 9. Sensing the payroll 9. Sensing the pension liability 9	A. Total Pension Liability		
3. Changes of benefit terms 4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability 5. Changes of assumptions 6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 7. Net change in total pension liability 8. Total pension liability - beginning 9. Total pension liability - beginning 9. Total pension liability - ending  8. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  9. A4474,099  P. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 89.43%  E. Covered Valuation Payroll	1. Service Cost	\$	675,179
4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability 5. Changes of assumptions 6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 7. Net change in total pension liability 8. Total pension liability - beginning 9. Total pension liability - ending  8. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability		3,019,848
Liability 5. Changes of assumptions 6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 7. Net change in total pension liability 7. Net change in total pension liability 8. Total pension liability - beginning 9. Total pension liability - ending  8. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending  7. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  8. 4,474,099  P. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 8. 6,462,248	3. Changes of benefit terms		-
5. Changes of assumptions 6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 7. Net change in total pension liability 8. Total pension liability - beginning 9. Total pension liability - ending  6. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 7. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position - seminary 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 9. \$4,474,099  1. C. Net Position Liability/(Asset) 9. \$4,474,099  1. Covered Valuation Payroll 9. \$6,462,248	4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension		
6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 7. Net change in total pension liability 8. Total pension liability - beginning 9. Total pension liability - ending  8. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 7. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 9. 4,474,099  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 89.43%  E. Covered Valuation Payroll 8. Sensitive total pension liability 89.438	Liability		(184,504)
7. Net change in total pension liability 8. Total pension liability - beginning 9. Total pension liability - ending  8. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 7. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 8. E. Covered Valuation Payroll  8. Covered Valuation Payroll  8. Total pension liability 4.1,156,324 4.41,156,324 4.42,323,896 4.2,248	5. Changes of assumptions		(99,717)
8. Total pension liability - beginning 9. Total pension liability - ending  8. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  4. A1,156,324  \$ 42,323,896  \$ 863,262  2. Contributions - employee 2. 290,802  3. Net investment income (2,243,234) (183,866) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 1,230,293 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  9. 4,474,099  2. Covered Valuation Payroll  8. 6,462,248	6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,243,234)
9. Total pension liability - ending \$\frac{\\$42,323,896}{\}\$  B. Plan fiduciary net position  1. Contributions - employer \$\\$863,262 2. Contributions - employee 290,802 3. Net investment income 2,503,329 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (2,243,234) 5. Other (Net Transfer) (183,866) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 1,230,293 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 36,619,504 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending \$\frac{37,849,797}{\$37,849,797}\$  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset) \$\frac{4,474,099}{\$4,474,099}\$  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability \$89.43%  E. Covered Valuation Payroll \$\frac{6,462,248}{\$4,422,48}\$	7. Net change in total pension liability		1,167,572
B. Plan fiduciary net position  1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 7. Net Position Liability/(Asset) 8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 89.43%  E. Covered Valuation Payroll  \$ 6,462,248	8. Total pension liability - beginning		41,156,324
1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 7. Position Liability/(Asset) 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 9. \$37,849,797  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 89.43%  E. Covered Valuation Payroll \$6,462,248	9. Total pension liability - ending	\$	42,323,896
1. Contributions - employer 2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 7. Position Liability/(Asset) 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 9. \$37,849,797  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 89.43%  E. Covered Valuation Payroll \$6,462,248			
2. Contributions - employee 3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 7. Net Position Liability/(Asset) 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 9. Plan fiduciary net position - sa a percentage of the total pension liability 9. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 9. Section 1. S	B. Plan fiduciary net position		
3. Net investment income 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 7. Net Position Liability/(Asset) 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 9. Plan fiduciary net position - ending 9. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 9. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 9. Section 1. Section 1. Section 2. Section 2. Section 3. Se	1. Contributions - employer	\$	863,262
4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions  5. Other (Net Transfer)  6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position  7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning  8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending  7. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending  9. State of the total pension liability  9. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  1. State of the total pension liability  8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  8. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2. Contributions - employee		290,802
5. Other (Net Transfer) 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  E. Covered Valuation Payroll  (183,866) 1,230,293 36,619,504 \$ 37,849,797  \$ 4,474,099  \$ 9,43%	3. Net investment income		2,503,329
6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  E. Covered Valuation Payroll  1,230,293 36,619,504 \$ 37,849,797  \$ 4,474,099  \$ 9.43%	4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,243,234)
7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  E. Covered Valuation Payroll  \$ 6,462,248	5. Other (Net Transfer)		(183,866)
8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending \$ 37,849,797  C. Net Position Liability/(Asset) \$ 4,474,099  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 89.43%  E. Covered Valuation Payroll \$ 6,462,248	6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,230,293
C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)  D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  E. Covered Valuation Payroll  \$ 6,462,248	7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		36,619,504
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  E. Covered Valuation Payroll  \$ 6,462,248	8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	37,849,797
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability  E. Covered Valuation Payroll  \$ 6,462,248			
E. Covered Valuation Payroll  \$ 6,462,248	C. Net Position Liability/(Asset)	\$	4,474,099
E. Covered Valuation Payroll  \$ 6,462,248			
	D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		89.43%
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll 69.23%	E. Covered Valuation Payroll	\$	6,462,248
	F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll	_	69.23%

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Current Single			
	Discount Rate			
	1% Lower	Assumption	1% Increase	
	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%	
Total Pension Liability	\$ 47,712,089	\$ 42,323,896	\$ 37,903,704	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	37,849,797	37,849,797	37,849,797	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 9,862,292	\$ 4,474,099	\$ 53,907	

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

#### Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2017, the Employer recognized pension expense of \$747,341. At April 30, 2017, the Employer reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	Net Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of
Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Resources	Resources	Resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 253,381	\$ (253,381)
Changes of Assumptions	25,895	75,642	(49,747)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,701,524		1,701,524
Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	1,727,419	329,023	1,398,396
Pension Contributions made subsequent to the Measurement Date	230,770		230,770
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$ 1,958,189	\$ 329,023	\$ 1,629,166

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows of	Net Deferred Inflows of
December 31	Resources	Resources
2017	\$ 677,903	\$ -
2018	447,133	-
2019	474,788	-
2020	29,342	-
2021	-	-
Thereafter	-	-
Total	\$ 1,629,166	\$ -

#### 2. Police and Firemen Pension

#### Plan Description and Contributions Information

The Police Pension Plan covers police sworn personnel, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40, Act 5, Article 3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature.

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The City's payroll for employees covered by the Police Pension Plan for the year ended April 30, 2017 was \$4,080,869 out of a total payroll of \$15,785,381.

At April 30, 2017, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving	
benefits and terminated employees entitled to	
benefits but not yet receiving them	56
Current employees:	
Vested	38
Nonvested	18
Total	112

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Police officers hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The monthly pension shall be increased by one-twelfth of 2.5% of such salary for each additional month of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit.

Police officers hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years of credible service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for year of service. A police officer who is retiring after attaining age 50 with 10 or more years of creditable service shall be reduced by  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1% for each month that the employee's age is under age 55. The annual salary based on the plan year for the police officer shall not exceed \$106,800 as of January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter.

The monthly pension of a police officer hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% annually thereafter.

The monthly pension of a police officer hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60, by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute a sum sufficient to meet the annual actuarial requirements of the pension fund, as determined by an enrolled actuary. The annual actuarial requirements of the pension fund are equal to the normal cost of the pension fund of the salaries and wages to be paid to firefighters for the year involved, whichever is greater, plus an annual amount sufficient to bring the total assets of the pension fund up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the pension fund by the end of municipal fiscal year 2040, as annually updated and determined by an enrolled actuary.

The Firemen's Pension Plan covers fire-sworn personnel, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40, Act 5, Article 4) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature.

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The City's payroll for employees covered by the Firemen's Pension Plan for the year ended April 30, 2017 was \$3,842,237 out of total payroll of \$15,785,381.

At April 30, 2016, the Firemen's Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving	
benefits and terminated employees entitled to	
benefits but not yet receiving them	74
Current Employees:	
Vested	32
Nonvested	21
Total	127

The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Plan as provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statues:

The Firemen's Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Firefighters hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. The monthly pension shall be increased by one-twelfth of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit.

Firefighters hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years of credible service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for year of service. A firefighter who is retiring after attaining age 50 with 10 or more years of creditable service shall be reduced by ½ of 1% for each month that the firefighter's age is under age 55. The annual salary based on the plan year for the firefighter shall not exceed \$106,800 as of January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter.

The monthly pension of a firefighter hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% annually thereafter.

The monthly pension of a firefighter hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60, by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firemen's Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute a sum sufficient to meet the annual actuarial requirements of the pension fund, as determined by an enrolled actuary. The annual actuarial requirements of the pension fund are equal to the normal cost of the pension fund, or 17.5% of the salaries and wages to be paid to firefighters for the year involved, whichever is greater, plus an annual amount sufficient to bring the total assets of the pension fund up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the pension fund by the end of municipal fiscal year 2040, as annually updated and determined by an enrolled actuary.

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Position Matters

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

#### Method Used to Value Investments

Fixed-income and equity securities are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

#### Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was determined by the Illinois Department of Insurance at May 1, 2016 the most current valuation date as follows:

	Police	Firemen's	
	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Pension</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accrued Pension Liability	\$ 53,756,382	\$ 58,395,488	\$ 112,151,870
Actuarial Value of Assets	17,607,647	15,353,436	32,961,083
Net Pension Liability	\$ 36,148,735	\$ 43,042,052	\$ 79,190,787

The Police Pension Fund and Firemen's Pension Fund's accrued liability consisted of the following as of May 1, 2016:

#### Police Pension and Firemen's Pension Fund Accrued Liability

	Police Pension		Firen	nen's Pension
	Head		Head	
	Count	Present Value	<u>Count</u>	Present Value
Reserves for Annuities and Benefits in Force:				
Retirement Annuities	36	\$ 24,022,356	31	\$ 23,582,018
Disability Annuities	7	3,942,156	23	12,783,244
Surviving Spouse Annuities	12	2,763,027	11	2,135,107
Minor Dependent Annuities	-	-	6	11,371
Deferred Retirement Annuities	1	648,197	2	128,663
Terminted Liabilities			1	15,810
Total Reserves for Annuities and	56	31,375,736	74	38,656,213
Benefits in Force				
Accrued Liabilities for Active memebers:	56	22,380,646	53	19,739,275
Total Accrued Liabilities		\$ 53,756,382		\$ 58,395,488

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The Police Pension Fund and Firemen's Pension Fund's actuarial value of assets consisted of the following as of May 1, 2016:

Police Pension	and Firemen	's Pension	Fund A	Accrued	Liability

	Poli	ice Pension	Fire	Firemen's Pension	
Current Year Gain/(Loss):					
Market Value of Assets as of April 30, 2015	\$	17,275,339	\$	16,250,594	
Benefit Payments During Fiscal Year 2016		(2,244,272)		(3,197,248)	
Total Contributions During Fiscal Year 2016		1,725,198		1,684,387	
Expected Return During Fiscal Year 2016		1,148,566		1,045,856	
Expected Market Value of Assets as of April 30, 2016		17,904,831		15,783,589	
Actual Market Value of Assets as of April 30, 2016		16,348,898		14,524,216	
Investment Gain/(Loss)	\$	(1,555,933)	\$	(1,259,373)	
Development of Actuarial Value of Assets					
(Market Value Less Unrealized Amounts):					
Market Value of Assets as of April 30, 2016	\$	16,348,898	\$	14,524,216	
Unrecognized Gain/(Loss) from Fiscal Year 2016		1,244,746		1,007,498	
Unrecognized Gain/(Loss) from Fiscal Year 2015		179,392		(80,278)	
Unrecognized Gain/(Loss) from Fiscal Year 2014		(103,280)		(81,847)	
Unrecognized Gain/(Loss) from Fiscal Year 2013		(62,110)		(16,153)	
Actuarial Value of Assets as of April 30, 2016	\$	17,607,646	\$	15,353,436	

#### Actuarially Determined Employer Contributions

The Police Pension Fund and Firemen's Pension Fund's actuarially determined employer contributions as of May 1, 2016 are as follows:

	Poli	ice Pension	Firen	nen's Pension
Actuarially determined amount to provide the normal cost based on the annual payroll of active participants as of May 1, 2016.	\$	852,668	\$	684,259
Amount necessary to amortize the unfunded liability as determined by the State of Illinois Department of Insurance over the remaining 24 years as perscribed by Section 3-125 of the Illinois Pension Code.		1,620,473		1,959,037
Interest to the end of the fiscal year.		166,937		178,423
Total suggested amount of employer contributions to arrive at the annual requirements of the fund as prescribed by Section 3-125 of the Illinois Pension Code.		2,640,078		2,821,719
Total Normal Cost of Active Members		1,252,328		1,043,537
Total Normal Cost as a Percentage of Payroll		31%		27%

#### NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

#### Concentration

The City has a concentration of 5% or more investments in the following organizations:

#### Police Pension:

Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 1,250,321
Champlain Small Company Fund Inst Cl	854,599
Oakmark Fund	1,133,947
Primecap Odyssey Growth	1,400,732
Tweedy Browne Global Value Fund	965,776
Ishares Core S&P 500 EFT	2,052,807
Russell 2000 ETF	965,919
Vanguard FTSE Developed Markets ETF	1,109,707
Fire Pension:	
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,477,485
Developed Markets Index Fund Admiral	1,604,202
Ishares Trust S&P 500/Barra Value Index Fund	2,141,164

#### NOTE 7. CONTINGENCIES

The City has not contributed the required minimum contributions to the police and fire pension trust funds for the current and prior fiscal years. Beginning in the fiscal year 2016, if the City fails to contribute the required minimum contributions to the pension funds, the pension funds may certify to the State Comptroller the amounts of the delinquent payments, after giving notice to the City. The State Comptroller must deduct and deposit into the pension fund the certified amounts or a portion of those amounts from state funds to the City.

#### NOTE 8. WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT ENTERPRISE FUND

#### Regionalization of Wastewater Treatment Plant

Pursuant to an intergovernmental cooperation agreement originally agreed to in April 1984 between the City; the Metro East Sanitary District; Madison County, Illinois; and the Village of Glen Carbon, Illinois, the Wastewater Treatment Plant began to accept and treat wastewater from the Lansdown Service Area of the Metro East Sanitary District, Madison County Special Service Area No. 1, and from the Village of Glen Carbon, Illinois. The participants have agreed to purchase wastewater treatment services from the City at rates and charges established by the Granite City Regional Treatment Board. The rates and charges are intended to allocate the cost of services provided to each participant based on percentage of flow and wastewater content, which will reduce the City's operation cost burden. Total revenue earned by the Wastewater Treatment Plant Enterprise Fund from the three regional participants for the year ended April 30, 2017 was \$4,001,435.

#### NOTE 9. TRANSFERS

Transfers are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

#### NOTE 10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Liabilities reported as Accounts Payable on the government-wide statement of net positions are comprised of the following components:

	<u>Governmental</u>		Bus	siness-type
	<u>Activities</u>		A	ctivitites
Current payables due to vendors	\$	304,799	\$	190,872
Retainage on contracts payable		_		38,199
Total Accounts Payable	\$	304,799	\$	229,071

#### NOTE 11. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables at April 30, 2017:

			Balance	I	ncrease	Balance
Funds Due To	Funds Due From	4	4/30/2016	<u>(T</u>	Decrease)	4/30/2017
General Fund	Community Development	\$	20,020	\$	(8,200)	\$ 11,820
General Fund	Capital Projects		44,287		-	44,287
General Fund	Drug Traffic Prevention		245,350		-	245,350
General Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund		542,702		-	542,702
General Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund		1,494,627		(36,904)	1,457,723
General Fund	Wastewater Treatment Plant		73,757		-	73,757
Capital Projects	General Fund		10,484		-	10,484
TIF Funds	Sewer System Fund		29,797		-	29,797
TIF Funds	General Fund		42,645		-	42,645
<b>Business District</b>	General Fund		2,760		-	2,760
Sewer System Fund	Wastewater Treatment Plant		-		139,356	139,356
Sewer System Fund	General Fund		118,022		-	118,022
		\$	2,624,451	\$	94,252	\$ 2,718,703

The primary purpose of these interfund receivables and payables is to provide temporary loans for cash flow needs, all amounts are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS

A commitment under a lease agreement for the Port District wastewater treatment plant provides for minimum annual rental payments of \$1.00 for land facilities, the lease expires May 31, 2035. The City will pay the costs to maintain Pump Station 408.

Minimum annual rental payments for the land facilities are as follows:

<u>Year</u>		
<b>Ending</b>	<u>La</u>	nd
<u>April 30,</u>	<u>Faci</u>	<u>lities</u>
2018	\$	1
2019		1
2020		1
2021		1
2022		1
2023 and therafter		13
Total	\$	18

#### NOTE 13. COMMITMENTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

At April 30, 2017, the City had outstanding construction contracts for various projects totaling approximately \$351,369.

#### NOTE 14. DEFICIT NET POSITION

The City has deficit net positions in the following nonmajor funds: Capital Projects Fund of \$33,803 as of April 30, 2017.

#### NOTE 15. LEASE REVENUE

The City of Granite City leases certain properties to area businesses. These leases are non-cancelable operating leases. A summary of the leases is as follows:

Location	Annu	al Payment	(Including Extensions)
2679 Missouri Ave	\$	12,000	November 2028
Iowa & 24th Street		3,900	September 2013
2001 Madison Avenue		226,600	January 2060
Signage		1,600	June 2011
1815 Delmar		1,200	October 2016

Minimum rentals on non-cancelable leases for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2018	\$ 244,493
2019	240,200
2020	240,200
2021	239,800
2022	238,600
2023 - 2027	1,193,000
2028 - 2032	1,151,000
2033 - 2037	1,133,000
2038 - 2042	1,133,000
2043 - 2047	1,133,000
2048 - 2052	1,133,000
2053 - 2057	1,133,000
2058 - 2060	623,150
Total	\$ 9,835,443

#### NOTE 16. BUSINESS DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

In August, 2014, the City approved the Bellemore Village Business District in order to help with major repairs to and modernizing the appearance of Bellemore Village. The anticipated source of funds to pay for development costs are those tax revenues raised by the retailers' occupation tax and the service occupation tax to be imposed by the Business District.

#### NOTE 17. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities	<u>Barance</u>	<u>mereases</u>	<u>Beereuses</u>	Balance
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,585,458	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,585,458
Construction in Process	1,759,190	162,656	(1,599,034)	322,812
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	11,344,648	162,656	(1,599,034)	9,908,270
Total Capital Hissels Hot Being Bepreciated	11,511,010	102,030	(1,577,031)	2,200,270
Capital Assets, being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	17,582,304	20,998	_	17,603,302
Equipment	6,519,234	207,316	_	6,726,550
Vehicles	6,466,626	369,873	_	6,836,499
Infrastructure	24,455,476	1,599,034	_	26,054,510
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	55,023,640	2,197,221		57,220,861
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	33,023,010	2,177,221		37,220,001
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	5,515,893	426,024	-	5,941,917
Equipment	5,562,146	383,066	-	5,945,212
Vehicles	4,936,750	487,745	-	5,424,495
Infrastructure	1,170,263	294,854		1,465,117
Total Accumulated Depreciation	17,185,052	1,591,689		18,776,741
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	37,838,588	605,532	-	38,444,120
<i>S</i> 1				
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 49,183,236	\$ 768,188	\$ (1,599,034)	\$ 48,352,390
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets:				
Construction in Process	\$ 5,940,769	\$ 1,867,185	\$ (5,850,118)	\$ 1,957,836
Buildings	1,764,561	-	-	1,764,561
Treatment Facility	44,847,069	6,225,070	_	51,072,139
Equipment	2,044,749	22,400	_	2,067,149
Vehicles	1,493,843	, <u>-</u>	_	1,493,843
Total Capital Assets	56,090,991	8,114,655	(5,850,118)	58,355,528
1				
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,700,238	9,531	-	1,709,769
Treatment Facility	22,332,313	927,837	-	23,260,150
Equipment	1,730,863	67,728	-	1,798,591
Vehicles	1,303,157	45,188		1,348,345
Total Accumulated Depreciation	27,066,571	1,050,284		28,116,855
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 29,024,420	\$ 7,064,371	\$ (5,850,118)	\$ 30,238,673

#### NOTE 17. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charge to the various functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 409,146
Public Safety	763,839
Public Works	418,704
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,591,689
Business-Type Activities:	
Business-Type Activities: Wastewater Treatment Plant	\$ 576,131
71	\$ 576,131 474,153

#### NOTE 18. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

On July 1, 1986, the City adopted and approved a Tax Increment Redevelopment Plan and Project and ordinances adopting Tax Increment Financing, aimed at financing, through incremental property and sales taxes, the public improvements of a plan to revitalize and develop a designated Redevelopment Project area in the City's Downtown Central Business District. On September 23, 1997, the City adopted and approved an Industrial Park Conservation Area Redevelopment Plan that also will use Tax Increment Financing to develop the project area along Route 3 as an industrial park. Four additional TIF Districts have also been formed that allows the incremental taxes to be returned to the business that generates the increment as a reimbursement for capital outlay until expiration of the TIF or a predetermined minimum dollar amount is reimbursed by the City.

In May of 2005, the Nameoki Village Tax Increment Financing District of the City issued a TIF Revenue Note, Series 2005 for \$700,000 and two Consumer Tax Revenue Notes, Series 2005 (Phase 1 for \$1,400,000 and Phase 2 for \$3,400,000). These notes were issued for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of redevelopment projects in the Nameoki TIF and Business Districts. A portion, \$1,280,000 of the Consumer Tax Revenue Notes was retired by \$1,635,000 in Special Business District Sales Tax Revenue Bonds issued by the Southwestern Illinois Development Authority.

The TIF Revenue Note, Consumer Tax Revenue Notes and the Special Business District Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are payable solely from the incremental taxes or from other taxes generated by the development and are not an obligation of the City.

#### NOTE 19. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY DEBT**

#### **Bonded Indebtedness**

The City issued Southwestern Illinois Development Authority Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 (City of Granite City Project) in May 2009. The bonds, totaling \$3,640,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Route 3 Corridor Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 4). The bonds bear interest of 8.00% and mature in varying amounts from 2009 to 2019. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Route 3 Corridor Industrial Park Conservation Area including construction of commercial and retail development including a Lowe's Home Improvement store along with eight outlots. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2017 is \$665,000.

The City issued Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2009-A in December 2009. The bonds, totaling \$4,210,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Route 203 Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 7). The bonds bear interest of 7.75% and mature in varying amounts from 2010 to 2022. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Route 203 Redevelopment Project Area including construction of street improvements and related costs. The bonds were renegotiated to bear interest at 3.75% on July 1, 2015, with the maturity schedule remaining the same. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2017 is \$2,170,000.

#### NOTE 19. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The City issued Southwestern Illinois Development Authority Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2009-B (City of Granite City Project) in December 2009. The bonds, totaling \$3,805,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Route 3 Corridor Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 4). The bonds bear interest of 7.75% and mature in varying amounts from 2010 to 2022. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Route 3 Corridor Industrial Park Conservation Area including construction of water and sewer improvements, the construction of street improvements and related costs. The bonds were renegotiated to bear interest at 3.75% on July 1, 2015, with the maturity schedule staying the same. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2017 is \$1,865,000.

On December 1, 2012, the City issued \$9,820,000 in General Obligation Alternative Source Bonds with an average interest of 5.25% to advance refund \$8,060,000 of outstanding 2008 Series bonds with an average interest rate of approximately 7.00%. The net proceeds of the issuance (after the addition of the bond premium of \$186,580 and subtraction of the cost of issuance and underwriter's discount totaling \$340,120) plus an additional \$1,325,805 of 2008 sinking fund monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with and escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2008 Series bonds.

As a result, the 2008 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide financial statement of net position. The balance of the defeased bond at April 30, 2017 is \$5,030,000. The balance of the 2012 refunding bond issue at April 30, 2017 is \$5,810,000.

The advance refunding resulted in an initial difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$2,547,675. This difference is being charged to operations through the year 2023 using the effective-interest method. The unamortized balance at April 30, 2017 was \$1,611,970 and is reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable. The City completed the advance refunding to remove undesirable covenants of the old bond issue and reduce current annual debt service requirements resulted in an economic loss (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$570,984. The current year amortization of the deferred charge is \$260,244.

#### Notes Payable

The City entered into a loan with the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) to construct rail track in the new industrial park in May 1999. The loan of \$725,914 is to be repaid by twenty annual installments through May 24, 2019. The annual installments, including interest at 3.00%, are \$48,793. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2017 is \$93,365.

The City entered into two lease purchases with the Bank of Edwardsville for two International trucks in January and February 2014. The loans of \$106,938 and \$105,538 are to be repaid in five annual installments through March 2018. The annual installments, including interest at 2.5%, are \$22,502 and \$22,239. The balance of the loans at April 30, 2017 is \$21,953 and \$21,698.

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement with the Bank of Edwardsville for three police cars in November 2014. The agreement was for \$100,162 and is to be repaid in three installments of \$34,388, including interest at 2.25%. The loan was paid in full as of April 30, 2017.

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement with First Cloverleaf Bank to purchase an ambulance in June 2013. The loan of \$118,000 is to be repaid in four annual installments through July 2016. The annual installments, including interest at 2.48%, are \$30,718. The loan was paid in full as of April 30, 2017.

The City entered into a loan with US Bancorp to purchase Ambulance, police vehicles, and public works trucks. The loan of \$319,686 is to be repaid by four annual installments through September 2019. The annual installments, including interest at 1.62%, are \$81,858. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2017 is \$237,828.

#### NOTE 19. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The City entered into a loan with Madison County Community Development to finance infrastructure improvements for relocating high-pressure gas line and electric lines in May 2010. The loan of \$750,000 is to be repaid in twenty-eight quarterly installments through May 2017. The quarterly installments, including interest at 3.0%, are \$29,797. The loan was paid in full as of April 30, 2017.

The City entered into a loan with Madison County Community Development to purchase a fire pumper truck in November 2015. The loan of \$369,995 is to be repaid in annual installments. The annual installments, including interest at 3.00%, are \$68,300. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2017 is \$253,879.

The City entered into an infrastructure loan with Madison County Community Development to finance projects in the City. The maximum amount of the loan is \$300,000, the City took no draws on the loan in fiscal year 2017. The loan is to be repaid in monthly installments including interest at 3.00%. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2017 is \$98,387.

#### BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITY DEBT

The City was awarded a loan of \$3,938,240 through the State of Illinois Environment Protection Agency Bureau of Water in August 2003. This loan financed the upgrade of the City's Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities. Payments are due semiannually on January 27 and July 27 through January 2025, including interest at 2.50%. As of April 30, 2017, the balance outstanding on the loan was \$1,842,965.

The City was awarded a loan of \$1,660,939 through the State of Illinois Environment Protection Agency Bureau of Water in October 2008. This loan financed manhole and sewer projects. Payments are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through September 2029, including interest at 2.50%. As of April 30, 2017, the balance outstanding on the loan was \$1,282,238.

The City was awarded a fourth loan of \$8,000,000 through the State of Illinois Environment Protection Agency Water Pollution Control Loan Program in September 2011. Upon completion of the project \$2,000,000 of the loan will be forgiven and the additional funds will be repaid with an interest rate of 1.25%. This loan financed sewer rehabilitation projects. Payments are due semiannually on May 1 and November 1 through 2032. As of April 30, 2017, the balance outstanding on the loan was \$5,509,601.

The City was awarded a fifth loan of \$2,000,000 through the State of Illinois Environment Protection Agency Water Pollution Control Loan Program in September 2011. Upon completion of the project \$500,000 of the loan was forgiven and the additional funds are to be repaid with an interest rate of 1.25%. This loan financed improvement to the wastewater treatment plant. Payments are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through 2032. As of April 30, 2017, the balance outstanding on the loan was \$1,277,643.

The City issued Local Government Program Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 in August 2015. The bonds totaling \$4,080,000 are payable from the net revenues derived from the payments made pursuant to the Intergovernmental Agreements by the parties to the Intergovernmental Agreements. The bonds bear interest between 2.0% and 4.25% and mature in varying amounts from 2015 to 2030. The proceeds of the bonds are to be used to pay off the Series 2010 bonds and to finance the acquisition and construction of extensions, improvements, and additions to the system, including but not limited to the construction of improvements to the wastewater treatment plant. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2017 is \$3,645,000.

The City entered into an infrastructure loan with Madison County Community Development to finance storm water projects in the City. The maximum amount of the loan is \$750,000, as of April 30, 0217 the City has borrowed \$336,868, which is to be repaid in monthly installments. The monthly installments include interest at 3.00%. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2017 is \$336,868.

#### NOTE 19. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities, net of unamortized costs, for the year ended April 30, 2017:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Government Activities: Bond Payable:					
Tax Increment Revenue					
Bond Series 2012 Refunding	\$ 7,205,000	\$ -	\$ 1,395,000	\$ 5,810,000	\$ -
Deferred Charge on Refunding	(1,872,214)	φ -	(260,244)	(1,611,970)	φ -
Tax Increment Revenue	(1,672,214)	-	(200,244)	(1,011,970)	-
Bonds Series 2009-C	2,205,000		340,000	1,865,000	375,000
Tax Increment Revenue	2,203,000	_	340,000	1,005,000	373,000
Bonds Series 2009-B	1,110,000	_	445,000	665,000	465,000
Tax Increment Revenue	1,110,000		443,000	005,000	403,000
Bonds Series 2009-A	2,630,000	_	460,000	2,170,000	515,000
Less Unamortized Costs:	2,030,000		100,000	2,170,000	313,000
Bond Discount	(82,404)	_	(15,754)	(66,650)	_
Bond Premium	125,942	_	60,840	65,102	_
Total Bond Payable	11,321,324		2,424,842	8,896,482	1,355,000
Notes Payable:					
US Bancorp	-	319,686	81,858	237,828	78,005
IL Dept of Transportation	138,017	-	44,652	93,365	45,992
First Cloverleaf Bank	29,973	-	29,973	-	-
Bank of Edwardsville	33,633	-	33,633	-	-
Bank of Edwardsville	43,373	-	21,420	21,953	21,953
Bank of Edwardsville	42,867	-	21,169	21,698	21,698
First Midwest Bank	-	-	-	-	-
Madison County	145,689	-	145,689	-	-
Madison County	312,795	-	58,916	253,879	60,684
Madison County	98,387			98,387	20,483
Total Long-Term Liabilities	12,166,058	319,686	2,862,152	9,623,592	1,603,815
Other Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liability-IMRF	3,036,306	-	49,473	2,986,833	_
Net Pension Liability-Police					
and Fire Pension	74,755,350	4,435,437	-	79,190,787	-
Compensated Absences	3,796,520	1,243,656	1,301,266	3,738,910	683,493
Total Other Liabilities	81,588,176	5,679,093	1,350,739	85,916,530	683,493
Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 93,754,234	\$ 5,998,779	\$ 4,212,891	\$ 95,540,122	\$ 2,287,308

#### NOTE 19. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
Bond Payable:					
Revenue Bonds					
Series 2015	\$ 3,850,000	\$ -	\$ 205,000	\$ 3,645,000	\$ 210,000
Less Unamortized Costs:					
<b>Bond Premium</b>	169,967		11,893	158,074	
Total Bond Payable	4,019,967	-	216,893	3,803,074	210,000
Notes Payable:					
IL EPA (1)	2,053,065	-	210,100	1,842,965	215,385
IL EPA (2)	1,361,194	-	78,956	1,282,238	80,942
IL EPA (3)	5,634,658	146,964	272,020	5,509,602	283,567
IL EPA (4)	1,349,352	-	71,710	1,277,642	72,608
Madison County		336,868		336,868	43,908
Total Long-Term Liabilities	14,418,236	483,832	849,679	14,052,389	906,410
Other Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities	1,500,514	-	13,249	1,487,265	-
Compensated Absences	296,547	202,978	249,267	250,258	107,556
<b>Total Other Liabilities</b>	1,797,061	202,978	262,516	1,737,523	107,556
Business-Type Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$16,215,297	\$ 686,810	\$1,112,195	\$15,789,912	\$1,013,966

The annual requirements to retire the notes payable as of April 30, 2017 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal</u>				
Year Ended	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	oe Activities
<u>April 30,</u>	<b>Principal</b>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2018	\$ 1,603,815	\$ 525,315	\$ 906,410	\$ 298,252
2019	1,392,593	446,922	924,666	279,671
2020	1,218,789	392,808	943,207	259,607
2021	905,589	349,399	967,038	239,008
2022	284,712	317,840	986,166	217,920
2023-2027	5,831,612	305,514	4,453,189	746,580
2028-2032	-	-	3,677,978	254,786
2033-2034			1,035,661	18,938
	\$ 11,237,110	\$ 2,337,798	\$ 13,894,315	\$ 2,314,762

#### NOTE 20. STATEMENT OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

Assessed Valuation as of December 31, 2016	\$ 312,853,779
Debt Limit, 8.625% of Assessed Valuation Less, Contractual Indebtedness	\$ 26,983,638 1,063,978
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 25,919,660

#### NOTE 21. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended April 30, 2007, the City issued two Industrial Project Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. The bonds for the two projects are \$1,800,000 and \$2,650,000 respectively. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entities served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

During the year ended April 30, 2006, the City issued \$1,000,000 of Industrial Project Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to a private-sector entity for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, these bonds are also not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

#### NOTE 22. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides certain healthcare insurance benefits for retired and disabled employees who meet the eligibility requirements as described in the personnel policy, the premiums are paid entirely by the retired and/or disabled employee. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncement Number 45, requires systematic accrual-basis measurement and recognition of *other post retirement benefit* (OPEB) costs over a period that approximates employees' years of service and provide information about actuarial accrued liabilities associated with OPEB and whether and to what extent progress is made in funding the plan.

The City has not calculated or recorded the other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability, but believes it to be immaterial to the financial statements. The City continues to expense the other post employment benefit expenses as they are incurred.

#### NOTE 23. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

During the year ending April 30, 2017, the City adjusted the Net Pension Liability for the Police and Fire Pension Funds. Because of this change, Beginning Net Position has been restated as follows:

	<u>General</u>
	<u>Fund</u>
Beginning Net Position, as Originally Reported	\$ 12,086,404
Adjustment for Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	(20,278,935)
Adjustment for Net Pension Liability - Fire Pension	 (25,323,784)
Beginning Net Position, as Restated	\$ (33,516,315)

#### NOTE 24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated subsequent events through September 28, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

# CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	<u>Budgeted</u> <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Over (Under) Budget
Receipts:				
Taxes	\$ 21,778,133	\$ 21,778,133	\$ 22,088,812	\$ 310,679
Intergovernmental Revenue (Grants)	555,000	555,000	415,605	(139,395)
Charges for Services	2,680,200	2,680,200	1,896,753	(783,447)
Cinema Charges	635,000	635,000	541,775	(93,225)
Licenses and Permits	868,650	868,650	542,355	(326,295)
Fines and Forfeits	370,250	370,250	236,270	(133,980)
Investment Earnings	60,000	60,000	41,197	(18,803)
Miscellaneous	122,493	122,493	331,438	208,945
Total Receipts	27,069,726	27,069,726	26,094,205	(975,521)
Disbursements				
Mayor	700,405	700,405	704,460	(4,055)
Alderman	86,816	86,816	86,306	510
Clerk	292,537	292,537	286,101	6,436
Treasurer	308,919	308,919	313,150	(4,231)
Informational Technology	447,710	447,710	401,265	46,445
Financial	2,932,345	2,932,345	2,885,493	46,852
Police	9,265,947	9,265,947	9,167,107	98,840
Fire	7,508,538	7,508,538	7,471,260	37,278
Public Works	3,641,159	3,641,159	3,550,375	90,784
Building & Zoning	1,006,448	1,006,448	1,005,199	1,249
Safety and Risk	166,057	166,057	207,297	(41,240)
Civil Defense	66,172	66,172	43,771	22,401
Cinema	633,721	633,721	574,818	58,903
Summer Help	50,000	50,000	48,798	1,202
Total Disbursements	27,106,774	27,106,774	26,745,400	361,374
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements	(37,048)	(37,048)	(651,195)	(614,147)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers In (Out)			(194,481)	(194,481)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		(194,481)	(194,481)
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing				
Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other				
Financing Uses	\$ (37,048)	\$ (37,048)	(845,676)	\$ (808,628)
Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on	Modified Accrual l	Basis	296,427	
Change in Prepaid Insurance			384,609	
Change in Interest Receivable			1,054	
Change in Accrued Workman's Compesat	ion		422,540	
Change in Accounts Payable on Modified			448,954	
As Reported on the Statement of Revenue	s, Expenditures			
and Changes in Fund Balance			\$ 707,908	

### CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

							<u>7</u>	Variance
		Budgeted	l Amou	ints		Actual	Ov	er (Under)
	<u>Ori</u>	<u>ginal</u>		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)		Budget
<b>5</b>								
Receipts:	ф 1 4	124 000	Φ 1	124 000	Φ	1.500.161	Φ	106161
Real Estate Taxes - Downtown		124,000		,424,000	\$	1,560,161	\$	136,161
Real Estate Taxes - GCS		094,000	1	,094,000		1,088,111		(5,889)
Real Estate Taxes - AS		40,000		140,000		145,916		5,916
Real Estate Taxes - Rt 3	1,3	800,000	1	,300,000		1,228,658		(71,342)
Real Estate Taxes - Port		39,000		39,000		47,998		8,998
Real Estate Taxes - Rt 203		100,000	5	5,400,000		5,643,431		243,431
Rent	2	226,600		226,600		226,600		-
Investment Earnings		69,494		69,494		22,073		(47,421)
Other	1	43,368		143,368		93,493		(49,875)
Total Receipts	9,8	336,462	9	,836,462		10,056,441		219,979
D' 1								
Disbursements Downtown TIF	2.6	573,400	2	2,673,400		2,061,467		611,933
Granite City Steel TIF		94,000		,094,000		1,088,077		5,923
American Steel TIF		19,186	1	119,186		1,000,077		3,923 119,186
						1 110 252		
Route 3 TIF	8	382,063		882,063		1,119,353		(237,290)
Port District TIF		-		-		12,834		(12,834)
Route 203 TIF		885,641		,885,641		5,163,059		(277,418)
Total Disbursements	9,6	554,290	9	,654,290		9,444,790		209,500
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts Over Disbursements	1	82,172		182,172		611,651		429,479
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating Transfers From (To) other Funds	2	276,000		276,000		_		(276,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		276,000		276,000		_		(276,000)
		,						(=: 0,000)
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing								
Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other								
Financing Uses	\$ 4	158,172	\$	458,172		611,651	\$	153,479
Change in Revenue on Modified Accrual	Basis					80,008		
Change in Accounts Payable on Modified	l Accrual	Basis				(74,330)		
Change in Interest Receivable						(784)		
	_							
As Reported on the Statement of Revenue	es, Expen	ditures						
and Changes in Fund Balance					\$	616,545		

## CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES APRIL 30, 2017

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting as applied to the governmental funds in the basic financial statements. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions.

#### LINE ITEM EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

During the year ended April 30, 2017, the City's expenditures exceeded budgetary guidelines in several departmental and line item categories as indicated on the required supplementary schedules at pages 46 to 47.

# CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FIRE AND POLICE PENSION FUNDING PROGRESS APRIL 30, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued  Liability (AAL) -Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c.)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
		Pol	ice Pension			
4/30/2016 4/30/2015 4/30/2014 4/30/2013 4/30/2012 4/30/2011 4/30/2010 4/30/2009 4/30/2008	\$ 17,607,646 17,349,074 16,739,157 16,281,797 16,026,355 14,021,247 12,632,001 15,670,001	\$ 53,756,382 51,608,611 48,597,827 46,547,554 46,310,766 43,257,835 40,991,744 39,273,366	\$ 36,148,736 34,259,537 31,858,670 30,265,757 30,284,411 Not Avail 29,236,588 28,359,743 23,603,365	32.75% 33.62% 34.44% 34.98% 34.61% able 32.41% 30.82% 39.90%	\$ 4,032,893 4,073,149 3,915,021 3,967,820 3,847,982 3,721,923 3,470,340 3,328,974	896.35% 841.11% 813.75% 762.78% 787.02% 785.52% 817.20% 709.03%
		Fi	re Pension			
4/30/2016 4/30/2015 4/30/2014 4/30/2013 4/30/2012 4/30/2011 4/30/2009 4/30/2008	\$ 15,353,436 16,129,561 16,798,775 17,176,354 17,393,812 16,636,316 15,346,426 18,735,007	\$ 58,395,488 56,625,374 54,510,463 51,693,489 50,248,085 45,691,321 45,449,959 43,281,975	\$ 43,042,052 40,495,813 37,711,688 34,517,135 32,854,273 Not Avail 29,055,005 30,103,533 24,546,968	26.29% 28.48% 30.82% 33.23% 34.62% able 36.41% 33.77% 43.29%	\$ 3,799,877 3,824,742 3,754,274 3,786,805 3,693,127 3,804,240 3,597,302 3,493,965	1132.72% 1058.79% 1004.50% 911.51% 889.61% 763.75% 836.84% 702.55%

## CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES ON PENSION PLAN APRIL 30, 2017

### <u>Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - IMRF</u> <u>Most Recent Calendar Year</u>

Calendar Year Ending December 31,	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$ 675,179	\$ 713,988
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	3,019,848	2,930,360
Benefit Changes	-	-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	(184,504)	(212,931)
Assumption Changes	(99,717)	48,613
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(2,243,234)	(2,180,690)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,167,572	1,299,340
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	41,145,324	39,856,984
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$ 42,312,896	\$ 41,156,324
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Employer Contributions	\$ 863,262	\$ 724,220
Employee Contributions	290,802	284,877
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	2,503,329	182,615
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(2,243,234)	(2,180,690)
Other	(183,866)	499,682
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,230,293	(489,296)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	36,649,504	37,108,800
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$ 37,879,797	\$ 36,619,504
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	\$ 4,474,099	\$ 4,536,820
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	89.43%	88.98%
Comment Valuation Description	e ( 160 040	¢ (220.502
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 6,462,248	\$ 6,330,593
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	69.23%	71.67%

#### Notes to Schedule:

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

## CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES ON PENSION PLAN APRIL 30, 2017

### Schedule of Employer Contributions - IMRF Most Recent Calendar Year

									Α	ctual
									Contr	ibution as
									a Pero	centage of
Calendar Year	Actu	ıarially			Cor	ntribution	C	overed	Co	overed
Ending	Dete	ermined		Actual	Deficiency		Va	aluation	Va	luation
December 31,	Cont	ribution	Co	ntribution	<u>(I</u>	Excess)	P	ayroll	P	ayroll
						_		_		
2015	\$	724,220	\$	724,220	\$	-	\$ 6	,330,593		11.44%
2016	7	765,130		863,262		(98,132)	6	,462,248		13.36%

Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2016 Contribution Rate - IMRF\*

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December

31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal

year in which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2016 Contribution Rates - IMRF:

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period: Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 27-year closed period until remaining period reaches 15 years (then 15-year rolling period). Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years

selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 22 years for most employers (two employers were

financed over 31 years).

Asset Valuation Method: 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.50%

Price Inflation: 2.75% - approximate: No explicit price inflation assumption issued in

this valuation.

Salary Increases: 3.75% to 14.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updates for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2011 - 2013.

## CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES ON PENSION PLAN APRIL 30, 2017

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2016 Contribution Rates - IMRF(continued)

Mortality

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projections scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes

There were no benefits changes during the year.

<sup>\*</sup>Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation.

#### CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS

#### **COMBINING BALANCE SHEET**

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

APRIL 30, 2017

				S	Special Rev	enue	Funds							<u>Total</u>
	Drug			В	<u>ellemore</u>	N	<u>ameoki</u>	Motor					N	lon-Major
	<u>Traffic</u>	Comm			Village		usiness	Fuel Tax		<u>Capital</u>	De		Go	vernmental
	Prevention	Develo	pment	Busin	ness Distric	<u>t</u> <u>I</u>	<u>District</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Projects</u>	Ser	<u>vice</u>		<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Current Assets:														
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,962	\$	-	\$	694	\$	4,585	\$ 142,116	\$ 165,357	\$ -	\$	-	\$	165,357
Certificates of Deposit	38,346		-		1,481		9,787	303,396	353,010	-		-		353,010
Investments	7,628		-		294		1,947	60,349	70,218	-		-		70,218
Receivables:														
Intergovernmental	-	1	1,820		14,499		29,611	65,354	121,284	-		-		121,284
Other	_		-		7		46	1,416	1,469	-		-		1,469
Due From Other Funds	-		-		-		2,760	-	2,760	10,484		-		13,244
Total Current Assets	63,936	1	1,820		16,975		48,736	572,631	714,098	10,484				724,582
Noncurrent Assets:														
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	353,386		-		-		-	_	353,386	-		-		353,386
Total Noncurrent Assets	353,386		-		-		-	_	353,386			_		353,386
ည် Total Assets	417,322	1	1,820		16,975		48,736	572,631	1,067,484	10,484				1,077,968
Deferred Outflows of Resources:														
Prepaid Expenses	_		_		_		_	_	_	_		_		_
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources														_
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows														
of Resources	\$ 417,322	\$ 1	1,820	\$	16,975	\$	48,736	\$ 572,631	\$1,067,484	\$ 10,484	\$		\$	1,077,968
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF														
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:	20.025				4.000		10.021	15.440	60 A 77 7					<0.455
Accounts Payable	38,936	4	-		4,039		10,031	15,449	68,455	-		-		68,455
Due to Other Funds	245,350	1	1,820		-		-	542,702	799,872	44,287		-		844,159
Due to Other Governments			-		-		2,760		2,760					2,760
Total Liabilities	284,286	1	1,820		4,039		12,791	558,151	871,087	44,287				915,374
Deferred Inflows of Resources:														
Property Tax Revenue					-		-							_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources														
Fund Balances: Restricted for:														
Drug Traffic Prevention	133,036		_		_		_	_	133,036	_		_		133,036
Unassigned	-		_		12,936		35,945	14,480	63,361	(33,803)		_		29,558
Total Fund Balances	133,036				12,936		35,945	14,480	196,397	(33,803)		_		162,594
Total Liabilities. Deferred Inflows of			1.050						,		-			
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 417,322	\$ 1	1,820	\$	16,975	\$	48,736	\$ 572,631	\$1,067,484	\$ 10,484	\$		\$	1,077,968

#### <u>CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS</u> <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES</u>

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds											<u>Total</u>
	<u>Drug</u>		<u>Bellemore</u>		<u>Nameoki</u>	<u>Motor</u>				N	<u>onmajor</u>	
	<u>Traffic</u>	Commu		<u>Village</u>		<u>Business</u>	Fuel Tax		<u>Capital</u>	<u>Debt</u>		<u>ernmental</u>
	<u>Prevention</u>	Develop	ment	Business Distri	<u>ct</u>	<u>District</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Projects</u>	<u>Service</u>		Funds
Revenues:												
Intergovernmental:												
Grants	\$ 256,492	\$ 350	0,405	\$ -	\$		\$ 73,135	\$ 680,032	\$ -	\$ -	\$	680,032
Sales Tax	-		-	54,662		119,514	-	174,176	=	-		174,176
Motor Fuel Tax	-		-	-		-	756,567	756,567	-	-		756,567
Fines and Forfeitures	30,993		-	-		-	-	30,993	-	-		30,993
Investment Earnings	136		-	-		75	4,200	4,411	-	-		4,411
Miscellaneous	1,200		-		_	-		1,200				1,200
Total Revenues	288,821	350	0,405	54,662		119,589	833,902	1,647,379	-			1,647,379
<b>5</b>												_
Expenditures:												
General Government	-		-	50,951		109,917	-	160,868	-	-		160,868
Public Safety	101,112	283	5,405	-		-	-	386,517	=	-		386,517
Public Works	-		-	-		-	222,368	222,368	-	-		222,368
Debt Service	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	259,481		259,481
Capital Outlay	65,853		-	-		-	143,743	209,596	-	-		209,596
Total Expenditures	166,965	285	5,405	50,951		109,917	366,111	979,349		259,481		1,238,830
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	121,856	6	5,000	3,711		9,672	467,791	668,030		(259,481)		408,549
Other Financing Sources:												
Operating Transfers From Other Funds	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	259,481		259,481
Operating Transfers (To) Other Funds	-	(65	5,000)	-		-	-	(65,000)	-	-		(65,000)
<b>Total other Financing Sources</b>	-	(65	5,000)	-				(65,000)		259,481		194,481
Net Change in Fund Balance	121,856		-	3,711		9,672	467,791	603,030	-	-		603,030
Fund Balance - Beginning	11,180	_	_	9,225		26,273	(453,311)	(406,633)	(33,803)			(440,436)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 133,036	\$	-	\$ 12,936	\$	35,945	\$ 14,480	\$ 196,397	\$ (33,803)	\$ -	\$	162,594

#### <u>CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS</u> <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES</u>

## AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Business Type Activities
Datamaia - Danila

	Enterp	_	
	Wastewater	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<b>Treatment</b>	<u>System</u>	<b>Enterprise</b>
	<u>Plant</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 4,001,435	\$ 4,356,740	\$ 8,358,175
Total Revenues	4,001,435	4,356,740	8,358,175
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	3,446,859	-	3,446,859
Industrial Pretreatment	-	108,858	108,858
Billings and Collection	-	177,625	177,625
Sewer Collection	-	1,158,774	1,158,774
Solids Handling	701,472	· · · · -	701,472
BOD Treatment	336,413	-	336,413
Primary Treatment	41,585	-	41,585
General and Administrative	318,010	-	318,010
Dry Weather Pumping	238,880	-	238,880
Wet Weather Pumping	192,713	-	192,713
Other	164,908	-	164,908
Depreciation	576,131	474,153	1,050,284
Total Operating Expenses	6,016,971	1,919,410	7,936,381
Operating Income	(2,015,536)	2,437,330	421,794
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment Earnings	33,334	12,867	46,201
Other Income	4,200	150	4,350
Energy Efficiency Grant Income	623,959	-	623,959
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(182,606)	(103,647)	(286,253)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	478,887	(90,630)	388,257
Net Income Before Transfers	(1,536,649)	2,346,700	810,051
Operating Transfers (Out)			
Change in Net Position	(1,536,649)	2,346,700	810,051
Net Position - Beginning	(5,222,893)	25,513,941	20,291,048
Net Position - Ending	\$ (6,759,542)	\$ 27,860,641	\$ 21,101,099

# CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

	<u>Police</u> <u>Fi</u>			<u>Firemen</u>	 <u>Total</u>	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,171,307	\$	620,465	\$ 1,791,772	
Investments and Certificates of Deposits		15,396,793		12,754,014	28,150,807	
Receivables:						
Property Taxes		775,565		775,565	1,551,130	
Gaming Taxes		15,271		15,271	30,542	
Accrued Interest		41,081		41,665	82,746	
Total Assets		17,400,017		14,206,980	31,606,997	
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities						
Pension Payments Payable		204,453		235,188	439,641	
Total Liabilities		204,453		235,188	 439,641	
NET POSITION						
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits		17,195,564		13,971,792	31,167,356	
Total Net Position		17,195,564		13,971,792	31,167,356	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	17,400,017	\$	14,206,980	\$ 31,606,997	

# CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Pension Trust Funds					
		Police		<u>Firemen</u>		<u>Total</u>
Additions						
Contributions:						
Employee Contributions	\$	404,596	\$	371,929	\$	776,525
Employer Contributions:						
Property Taxes		760,290		760,290		1,520,580
Video Gaming Tax		119,371		119,371		238,742
Replacement Taxes		441,365		441,365		882,730
Total Contributions		1,725,622		1,692,955		3,418,577
Investment Income:						
Interest and Dividends		574,109		346,555		920,664
Net Realized/Unrealized Gain(Loss) on Investments		1,122,320		813,902		1,936,222
		1,696,429		1,160,457		2,856,886
Less: Investment Expense		(27,459)		(53,412)		(80,871)
Net Investment Income		1,668,970		1,107,045		2,776,015
Total Additions		3,394,592		2,800,000		6,194,592
Deductions:						
Benefits Paid to Participants:						
Service and Disability		2,104,536		2,994,281		5,098,817
Dependents		353,463		311,888		665,351
Refunded Contributions		63,771		15,811		79,582
Contractual Services		26,075		30,445		56,520
Total Deductions		2,547,845		3,352,425		5,900,270
Net Decrease in Plan Net Position		846,747		(552,425)		294,322
Net Position - Beginning		16,348,817	1	14,524,217		30,873,034
Net Position - Ending	\$ 1	17,195,564	\$ 1	13,971,792	\$	31,167,356

## CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

	<u> </u>							TIE				
	TIF	TIF	TIF	TIF	TIF	TIF		<u>TIF</u> Debt				
	District #1	District #2	District #3	District #4	District #6	District #7	<u>Total</u>	Service	<u>Total</u>			
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resource		District #2	District #3	District # 1	District #0	District #7	10111	BOTTICE	1041			
Current Assets:												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ 76,149	\$ 133,531	\$ -	\$ 19,996	\$ 1,139	\$ 230,815	\$ -	\$ 230,815			
Certificates of Deposit	-	162,566	285,066	-	42,690	2,432	492,754	-	492,754			
Restricted Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,355,000	1,355,000			
Investments	-	32,337	56,703	-	8,492	484	98,016	-	98,016			
Receivables:												
Property Taxes	1,660,990	145,379	1,084,019	1,361,165	47,139	5,693,587	9,992,279	-	9,992,279			
Intergovernmental Receivable	80,008	-	-	-	-	-	80,008	-	80,008			
Development Loans	110,954	-	-	-	-	-	110,954	-	110,954			
Accrued Interest	2,740	-	-	39	199	49	3,027	-	3,027			
Due from Other Funds	29,797				42,644		72,441		72,441			
Total Current Assets	1,884,489	416,431	1,559,319	1,361,204	161,160	5,697,691	11,080,294	1,355,000	12,435,294			
Noncurrent Assets:												
Restricted Investments	-	-	-	28,483	-	1,359,526	1,388,009	1,213,772	2,601,781			
Rental Real Estate Investment	2,667,631	-	-	-	-	-	2,667,631	-	2,667,631			
General Real Estate Investment	1,405,044			76,885			1,481,929		1,481,929			
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,072,675			105,368		1,359,526	5,537,569	1,213,772	6,751,341			
Total Assets	5,957,164	416,431	1,559,319	1,466,572	161,160	7,057,217	16,617,863	2,568,772	19,186,635			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	s, and Fund Bala	<u>ince</u>										
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	8,432	-	-	-	-	-	8,432	-	8,432			
Due to Other Funds	1,341,798			115,925			1,457,723		1,457,723			
Total Liabilities	1,350,230			115,925			1,466,155		1,466,155			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Gain on Sale of Property	44,717	_	_	_	_	_	44,717	_	44,717			
Deferred Income	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-			
Property Tax Revenue	1,660,990	145,379	1,084,019	1,361,165	47,139	5,693,587	9,992,279	_	9,992,279			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resource		145,379	1,084,019	1,361,165	47,139	5,693,587	10,036,996		10,036,996			
Fund Balance:												
Restricted for:												
Debt Service								2,568,772	2.568.772			
Development Loans	110,954	-	-	-	-	-	110,954	2,306,772	110,954			
Redevelopment	2,790,273	271,052	475,300	(10,518)	114,021	1,363,630	5,003,758	-	5,003,758			
Total Fund Balance	2,901,227	271,032	475,300	(10,518)	114,021	1,363,630	5,114,712	2,568,772	7,683,484			
	2,701,227	271,032	475,500	(10,516)	114,021	1,303,030	3,114,/12	2,300,172	7,005,404			
Total Liabilities. Deferred Inflows of												
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 5,957,164	\$ 416,431	\$ 1,559,319	\$ 1,466,572	161,160	7,057,217	\$16,617,863	\$ 2,568,772	\$19,186,635			

#### CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUNDS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Revenues:	TIF District #1	TIF District #2	TIF District #3	TIF District #4	TIF District #6	TIF District #7	<u>Total</u>	TIF Debt Service	<u>Total</u>
Property Taxes	\$ 1,560,161	\$ 145,916	\$ 1,088,111	\$ 1,228,658	\$ 47,998	\$ 5,643,431	\$ 9,714,275	\$ -	\$ 9,714,275
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	7,464	-	-	5,710	688	7,427	21,289	-	21,289
Miscellaneous	400,101	-	-	-	-	-	400,101	-	400,101
Total Revenues	1,967,726	145,916	1,088,111	1,234,368	48,686	5,650,858	10,135,665		10,135,665
Expenditures: Development	151,090	-	1,088,077	162,865	14,284	4,604,434	6,020,750	-	6,020,750
Debt Service - Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	649,116	649,116
Debt Service - Principal	10.014	-	-	-	-	-	10.014	2,830,340	2,830,340
Capital Outlay  Total Expenditures	18,914 170,004		1 000 077	162.965	14 294	4 (04 424	18,914	2 470 456	18,914
Total Expenditures	170,004		1,088,077	162,865	14,284	4,604,434	6,039,664	3,479,456	9,519,120
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	1,797,722	145,916	34	1,071,503	34,402	1,046,424	4,096,001	(3,479,456)	616,545
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Borrowings Operating Transfers From (To) other Fund	(1,673,810)	<u>-</u>		(1,005,280)		(558,625)	(3,237,715)	3,237,715	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,673,810)			(1,005,280)		(558,625)	(3,237,715)	3,237,715	
Net Change in Fund Balance	123,912	145,916	34	66,223	34,402	487,799	858,286	(241,741)	616,545
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,777,315	125,136	475,266	(76,741)	79,619	875,831	4,256,426	2,810,513	7,066,939
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,901,227	\$ 271,052	\$ 475,300	\$ (10,518)	\$ 114,021	\$ 1,363,630	\$ 5,114,712	\$ 2,568,772	\$ 7,683,484



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH TAX INCREMENT FINANCING ACT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Granite City, Illinois

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Granite City, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Other Matters**

The management of the City of Granite City, Illinois is responsible for the government's compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with our audit, referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the government's compliance with 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3, "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act".

The results of our tests indicate that for the items tested, the City of Granite City, Illinois, complied with Subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3, "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act". Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that, for the items not tested, the City of Granite City, Illinois was not in compliance with Subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3, "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act".

Hughes, Cameron & Company, LLC
Hughes, Cameron & Company, LLC

September 28, 2017